# Mark Scheme (Results) J une 2010 

GCE

## GCE Chemistry (6CH07/ 01)

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| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ (a)(i) | Nichrome wire / platinum wire / ceramic / silica <br> rod (1) <br> Accept recognisable spelling eg platinium, <br> nickrome | Titanium, <br> aluminium, <br> nickel, <br> chromium, <br> copper, <br> silicon | $\mathbf{3}$ |
|  | (Concentrated / dilute) hydrochloric <br> acid/ HCl/ HCl(aq)/ solution (1) <br> Salt (mixed with wire and acid, and) placed in a <br> hot/blue/roaring/ non-luminous/Bunsen/ Bunsen <br> burner flame (1) | Salt placed in <br> Bunsen burner <br> OR flame <br> alone OR burn <br> it |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ (a)(ii) | $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$ | $\mathrm{Li}, \mathrm{Li}^{2+}, \mathrm{Ca}, \mathrm{Sr}$, <br> $\mathrm{Rb}^{2+} \mathrm{Ca}^{2+}, \mathrm{Rb}^{+}$ <br> $\mathrm{Lithium/}^{2}$ <br> lithium ions | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | Accept $\mathrm{li}^{+} / \mathrm{Li}^{+}$ions/ A is $\mathrm{Li}^{+}$ | Ignore (aq), (s), (I), (g) |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ (b)(i) | Calcium hydroxide/ $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2} /$ slaked lime <br> Accept calcium oxide/ $\mathrm{CaO} /$ quicklime <br> Ignore (aq) / solution / (s) / solid | Calcium/ Ca | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $\mathrm{CO}_{2} / \mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ (b)(ii) | $\mathrm{CO}_{3}^{2-} / \mathrm{HCO}_{3}^{-}$(1) <br> Ignore separated additional cation <br> Carbon dioxide gas given off (when this <br> carbonate / hydrogencarbonate is <br> heated/ decomposed) (1) <br> Second mark depends on a recognisable | $\mathrm{CO}_{3}, \mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{-}$, <br> carbonate, <br> hydrogencarbo <br> nate <br> $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}, \mathrm{LiHCO}_{3,}$, <br> $\mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ etc | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| carbonate/ hydrogencarbonate ie $\mathrm{CO}_{3}, \mathrm{CO}_{3}{ }^{-}$, |  |  |  |
| carbonate, hydrogencarbonate |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}, \mathrm{LiHCO}_{3,} \mathrm{CaCO}_{3}$ etc |  |  |  |$\quad$|  |
| :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ (c)(i) | Oxide / $\mathrm{O}^{2-}$ | Oxygen, $\mathrm{O}_{2}, 0$, <br> $\mathbf{O}^{-}$ <br> calcium oxide <br> $/$CaO | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ (c)(ii) | Hydroxide $/ \mathrm{OH}^{-} /\left(\mathrm{OH}^{-}\right)_{2}$ | $(\mathrm{OH})_{2}^{-}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ (c)(iii) | Mark with reference to (ii) |  | $\mathbf{2}$ |
|  | For correct answer to (ii) <br> Universal indicator (paper) (1) <br> Turns blue/ purple/ pH12-14 (1) <br> Accept other appropriate indicators <br> eg (red) litmus (paper) turns blue <br> OR <br> Add a suitable metal ion solution (1) <br> to give a correct colour of precipitate (1) <br> [see User Guide 2 page 17 for some details] <br> OR <br> Warm / heat with ammonium ions (1) <br> Alkaline gas given off/ damp red litmus turns <br> blue/ ammonia gas given off (1) <br> OR <br> Other reasonable tests with results <br> eg Titrate with hydrochloric acid and suitable <br> indicator with correct final colour <br> If incorrect answer to (ii) but answer as above <br> (1) max <br> If incorrect answer to (ii) with correct test and <br> correct result for that ion (1) max |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1}$ (d) | $\mathrm{Li}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} \quad{\mathrm{Accept} \mathrm{Li}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CO}_{3}\right)}_{\mathrm{OR}}^{\mathrm{LiHCO}} 3$ <br> Accept correct formula of any red flame <br> coloured s block metal <br> carbonate/ hydrogencarbonate <br> eg Rb $2 \mathrm{CO}_{3}, \mathrm{CaCO}_{3}, \mathrm{SrCO}_{3}$ | $\mathrm{LiCO}_{3}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 (a)(i) | Silver((I))iodide (solid / precipitate) / Agl/ $\mathrm{Ag}^{+-}$ / $\mathrm{Agl}(\mathrm{s})$ <br> OR <br> Silver((I))iodide (solid / precipitate) and Agl/ $\mathrm{Ag}^{+1} / \mathrm{Agl}(\mathrm{s})$ | Iodide (alone) <br> Iodine <br> Silver ((I)) <br> iodine <br> AgBr and Agl <br> $\mathrm{Cl}^{-} / \mathrm{Br}^{-} / \mathrm{l}^{-}$ <br> If both name and formula are given and either is wrong eg Silver((I)) Iodine and Agl | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ~ ( a ) ( i i ) ~}$ | $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{3}} \mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{7}} \mathbf{l} \quad$ (in any order) <br> Accept additional information like additional <br> formulae | Any answer <br> which does not <br> have $\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{3}} \mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{7}}$ <br> somewhere | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 (a)(iii) |  <br> Accept structural formula $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CHICH}_{3}$ | Displayed or structural formula for 1iodopropane | 1 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ (a)(iv) | At first ignore answer to (iii) <br> Propan-2-ol / 2-propanol / $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{OH}) \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ | Propanol <br> prop-1-ol <br> $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{7} \mathrm{OH}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | Accept displayed formula (allow slightly <br> displaced bonds C) <br> HO | Accept skeletal formula <br> Allow TE from (a)(iii) <br> eg 1-iodopropane forms propan-1-ol |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2 ~ ( b ) ( i ) ~}$ | Mark colours independently <br> From orange (1) <br> To green/ blue (1) <br> Accept shades of green eg dark green, muddy <br> green, green-brown | yellow | $\mathbf{2}$ |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|}\hline \begin{array}{l}\text { Question } \\ \text { Number }\end{array} & \text { Acceptable Answers } & \text { Reject } & \text { Mark } \\ \hline \mathbf{2 ~ ( b ) ( i i ) ~} & \text { Propanone } & \text { prop((-2-))one } & \mathbf{1} \\ & \text { Accept propan-2-one } \\ \text { Allow propanal/ propanoic acid if TE from (a)(iv) }\end{array}\right)$

| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2}$ (b)(iii) | Oxidation / redox / oxidation and reduction <br> / oxidation of ... (eg alcohol) | Reduction <br> Condensation/ <br> substitution/ <br> Addition | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (a)(i) | (Glass/ graduated/ volumetric/ bulb)pipette (and <br> pipette filler) | Burette/ <br> pipette and <br> burette/ <br> measuring <br> cylinder/ <br> teat pipette/ <br> dropping <br> pipette | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Accept any recognisable spelling of pipette <br> eg pipet, pipette etc | Pipate/ pipotte |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (a)(ii) | Starch (solution) (1) <br> Accept startch | Other <br> indicators eg <br> Methyl orange <br> /phenolph- <br> thalein | $\mathbf{2}$ |
|  | Blue-black/ blue/ black to colourless (1) <br> Accept purple/ blue-black to colourless <br> Second mark depends on first | Colourless to <br> blue- <br> black/ blue/ <br> black |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (b)(i) | $14.5(0), 13.7(0), 13.75$ <br> All three needed for the mark | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (b)(ii) | The first result is discarded/ ignored/ not <br> included/ a range finder | OR <br> Only use last two values <br> OR <br> The second and third are concordant / first <br> value not within $0.2 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ | Accept: <br> This is the average of the second and third runs <br> OR <br> Actual correct average calculation to give <br> $13.73 / 13.725$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (b)(iii) | $\frac{13.73 \times 0.0200}{1000}=2.746 \times 10^{-4} / 0.0002746(\mathrm{~mol})$ <br> Accept $2.7 / 2.75 \times 10^{-4}$ <br> Note that 13.725 gives $2.745 \times 10^{-4}$ <br> Allow TE from different calculated average titre | 1 sf |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (c) | $1.373 \times 10^{-4} / 0.0001373(\mathrm{~mol})$ | 1 sf (unless <br> already <br> penalised <br> anywhere in <br> this question) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | Also $1.35 / 1.37 / 1.375 / 1.4 \times 10^{-4}$ |  |  |
| Accept answer to (b)(iii) |  |  |  |$\quad$|  |
| :--- |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (d) | $4.58 \times 10^{-5} / 0.0000458(\mathrm{~mol})$ | 1 sf (unless <br> already <br> penalised <br> anywhere in <br> this question) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
|  | Also $4.57667 / 4.577 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{etc}$  <br> Accept answer to (c) $\frac{(c)}{3}$ $4.6(0) \times 10^{-5}$ |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (e)(i) | Volumetric/ graduated (flask) | $\left(100 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}\right)$ <br> round <br> bottomed <br> flask/ <br> conical flask/ <br> measuring <br> cylinder | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (e)(ii) | These marks are independent of flask used in (i) <br> Transfer solution and rinsings/ washings (1) <br> Make up to the mark (1) <br> Mixing / inverting / shaking (this must be at the <br> end) (1) | Make sure it is <br> all transferred | $\mathbf{3}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (e)(iii) | $4.58 \times 10^{-4} / 0.000458(\mathrm{~mol})$ | 1 sf (unless <br> already <br> penalised <br> anywhere in <br> this question) | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (e)(iv) | $4.58 \times 10^{-4} \times 214$ <br> $=0.098 / 0.98012 \mathrm{~g}$ <br> Also $0.097941 / 0.0979$ etc <br> Accept answer to (e)(iii) $\times 214$ <br> Ignore SF | 1 sf (unless <br> already <br> penalised <br> anywhere in <br> this question) | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (e)(v) | $\frac{0.098}{0.10} \times 100$ <br> $=98 / 98.0 / 98.01 / 98.012 \%$ <br> Also $97.941 / 97.94 / 97.9 \%$ <br> Accept answer to | 1 sf (unless <br> already <br> penalised <br> anywhere in <br> this question) | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| (e)(iii) $\times 100$ <br> 0.10 <br> correct answer with no working scores (1) <br> lgnore SF |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (f) | Sulfuric acid is corrosive/ irritant/ irritable/ burns <br> (skin) | Sulfuric acid is <br> harmful/ <br> hazardous/ <br> toxic | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (a)(i) | From the equation 1 mol butan-1-ol gives <br> 1 mol of 1-bromobutane / ratio 1:1 OWTTE (1) <br> As $80 \%$ yield, 0.125 mol of butan-1-ol gives 0.125 <br> $\times 0.8 \mathrm{~mol}=0.1 \mathrm{~mol}$ of 1-brombutane (1) <br> Accept any clear indication that they appreciate the proportion calculation and the mole ratio <br> Examples: <br> Number of moles of butan-1-ol $=0.1 \times \frac{100}{80} / \frac{0.1}{0.8}$ $(=0.125)$ <br> OR <br> Number of moles of 1-bromobutane $\begin{aligned} & =\frac{80}{100} \times 0.125 \\ & (=0.1) \end{aligned}$ <br> In both these examples 'butan-1-ol'/ <br> '1-bromobutane' as appropriate, must be present to gain (2) <br> The numerical expression alone would gain (1) OR <br> As above examples but additionally using molar masses to calculate masses |  | 2 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ (a)(ii) | $74 \times 0.125(1)$ <br> $=9.25(\mathrm{~g})$ <br> $\frac{9.25}{0.81}=11.4 / 11.42 / 11.420 / 11.419753 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} \mathbf{( 1 )}$ <br> ie ignore sf unless only one <br> Accept $11.4 / 11.42 / 11.420 / 11.419753 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ (2) <br> (with no working) | 1 sf | $\mathbf{2}$ |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ (a)(iii) | $0.125 \times 119=14.875 / 14.87 / 14.88 / 14.9 / 15(\mathrm{~g})$ | 1 sf | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| Question Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (b) | Flask in beaker of labelled cold water (1) Water need not be drawn in but... <br> Condenser with jacket (1) <br> Need not be labelled, can be at any angle so long as it goes upwards <br> Condenser inlet and outlet with correct water direction (1) <br> This mark can be given if no jacket is present <br> open at top and no leaks(1) <br> This mark is conditional on a condenser <br> Do not penalise accidental closures in drawing or attempts to draw out perimeter of apparatus making the condenser appear closed <br> If distillation set up is drawn the beaker of cold water mark can be awarded | heated beaker (of cold water) <br> stopper in the top/ tap funnel in the top of the condenser unless clearly open | 4 |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ (c)(i) | Lower layer as more dense <br> Lower layer is 1-bromobutane because it is <br> denser <br> Lower layer as denser than water / butan-1-ol | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ (c)(ii) | To remove / neutralize / react with remaining <br> hydrochloric acid/ $\mathrm{HCl} /$ acid/ sulfuric acid/ $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ <br> (1) <br> by reacting to form carbon dioxide (gas) (1) | $\mathbf{2}$ |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ (d)(i) | Distillation / fractional distillation / redistil / distil <br> / distillate <br> Accept any recognisable spelling <br> Ignore further description | Dry/filter/or <br> anything else | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Allow a description which includes the words <br> heating / boiling followed by condensing |  |  |  |


| Question <br> Number | Acceptable Answers | Reject | Mark |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{4}$ (d)(ii) | Measure boiling temperature of liquid \{and <br> compare with Data Book value (101.7 $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> (Pure if it agrees) $\}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| OR <br> Boils at boiling temperature of liquid/ <br> $101.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ boils over a very small temperature <br> range/ boils at one particular temperature <br> OR <br> Collect the product at $101.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ between 100 <br> and $103^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |

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